#### **STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS**

#### **DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION**

#### PROPOSED 79 PLACE CHILD CARE CENTRE

LOTS 33 DP1266781 LLOYD ROAD & PLANE TREE DRIVE SPRINGVALE



Development Site Lots 33 DP1266781

LOCALITY PLAN six maps

Owners: MARK & DIANNA LAJDES

Applicants: Project Planning & Design

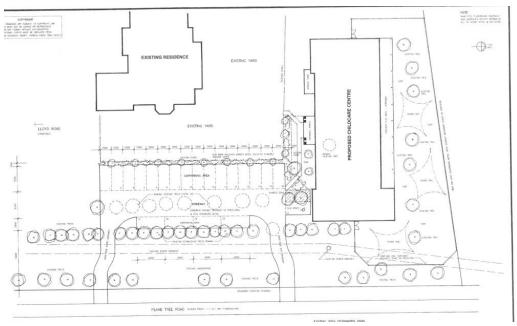
Prepared by: IRIS Planning

27May 2020

#### **PROJECT DESCRIPTION**

To construct premises for a centre- based childcare facility able to accommodate **79 children**, in accordance with the requirements of the:

- NSW Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012 and
- Child Care Planning Guideline Delivering Quality Child Care for NSW (August 2017)



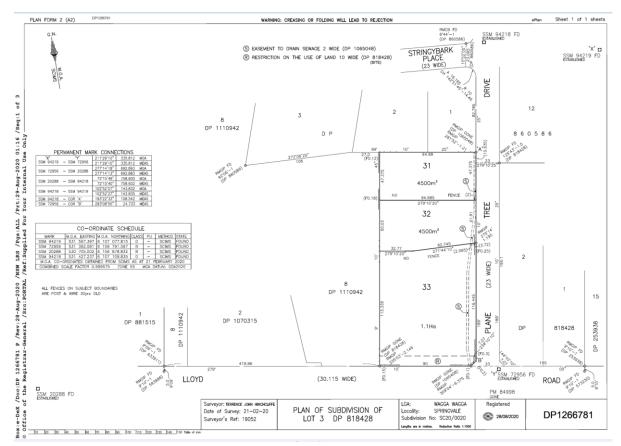
#### **OPERATIONAL STATEMENT**

- The childcare centre is licensed to accommodate 79 children.
- The childcare centre will be licenced to operate under the provisions of the NSW *Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012*
- Hours of operation: 6 AM 6 PM Monday to Friday i.e., five days a week.
- The childcare centre will provide both full-day and part-day care.
- Number of staff employed: 13 on any given day.
- Traffic generated by operation: 237 movements (drop off/pickup) a day + staff. (3trips /child) RTA p 28

#### PROPOSED CHILDCARE CENTRE DEVELOPMENT (Licensed for 79 Children)

#### **DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION**





- LOT 33 DP1266781
- On the north west corner of the intersection of LLOYD AND PLANE TREE ROADS
- Building is intended to provide facilities for daily care of 79 small children.
- The building faces the rear of the existing dwelling and Lloyd Road and is oriented to the north and south.
- LOT DESCRIPTION: Regular shape with 2 road frontages
  - o Lloyd Road frontage: 90m (Road reserve width 30.115m)
  - Plane Tree Drive: 116m (Road reserve width23m)
  - o Depth 116.45m /width 94.5m
  - Area 1.1Ha m2
- Plans drawn by Project Planning & Design dated 10<sup>th</sup> May 2021 & 22<sup>nd</sup> April 2021 as shown above.
- DRAWING NUMBER: 5551 Sheets 1-7

#### **COMPONENTS OF BUILDING**

- Porch, entry lobby, reception
- Director's office
- Covered outdoor play area.
- Landscaped outdoor open play area.

Total unencumbered play area - 625 m2 = 7.91 m2 per child (7.0 square metres required for each child).

- Cot room, nappy change area, bottle prep. area
- Laundry, store rooms
- Kitchen and staff room
- Toilet/bathroom facilities for staff and children, including disabled.
- Covered outdoor play area (3 shade sails)
- Service yard with 2000mm high brick feature wall
- Secured yard adjoining the porch.
- Five playrooms: P1 babies (12/42m2), P2 toddlers(12/44m2), P3 children (15/52m2), P4 children (20/70m2) and P5 children (20/74m2)
- Total floor area 282m2/79= 3.57m2 (minimum of 3.25m2 required by Guidelines)
- TOTAL NUMBER OF CHILDREN PROPOSED = 79

#### NOTE:

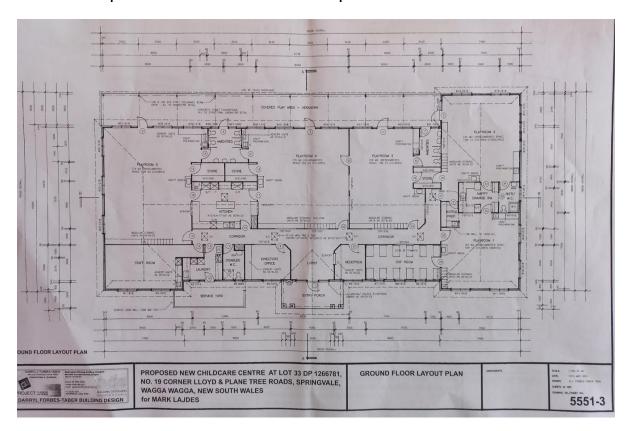
A. INTERNAL PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

Regulation 107 Education and Care Services National Regulations

Every child being educated and cared for within a facility must have a minimum of 3.25m2 of unencumbered indoor space.

#### B. EXTERNAL PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT

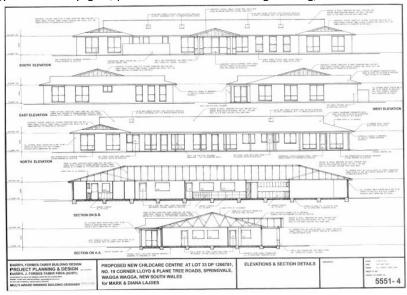
4.9 Outdoor space requirements Regulation 108 of the Education and Care Services National Regulation requires at least 7.0 square metres of unencumbered outdoor space for each child.



#### **BUILDING DETAILS** – includes porch area.

- Single storey construction
- Length 38500m
- Width 18000
- Ceiling Height 2.55m
- Walls Brick veneer external walls as selected
- Gable ends James Hardie Stucco cladding, 50x50 FS timber battens & perimeter trim
- Windows as selected powder coated aluminium horizontal sliding.
- Lysaght Colorbond corrugated metal roof sheeting Pitch 15°
- Lysaght Colorbond metal 'Barge' mould, gutters, fascia's
- "Spanline" powder coated finished awning roof over covered play area at 15° pitch
- 100x100 powder coated aluminium columns/beams to play area.
- 150x150 SHS steel columns &RHS beams to entry porch
- Eaves 600mm overhang, underside lined with James Hardie "Hardiflex."
- Trusses gang nail 900mm centres
- Wall framing Hyne & Son T2 termite protected.
- Ceiling battens -50x25 Rondo steel battens at 4560c/s for plasterboard ceilings, suspended grid/acoustic tiled ceilings to playrooms 1-5

- Insulation walls sarking plus R3 thermal mineral wool batts, roof R2.5 Anticon mineral/wool blanket on 100x100 wire mesh to underside of roof sheeting
- Doors –aluminium/ glazed "shopfront" exit/egress doors, as specified.
- Slab concrete- to engineer's detail, polythene moisture barrier to underside
- Exposed aggregate concrete paving as specified in outdoor play area.
- Termite protection to total building area
- Velux "Energy Efficient" skylights, plasterboard shafted through ceiling/roof void.



#### **PARKING**

- Entry/egress via Plane Tree Drive.
- 2 Concrete driveways 3000mm wide
- 21 parking spaces (including 1 disabled space No 21).
- Parking spaces 5.5m x 2.5m, turning distance into car parking space 7m.

#### LANDSCAPING - see Plan 5551/2

- Landscaping: garden beds adjoin carparking spaces, along front boundary,
- The existing established trees to remain other than 10 to be removed in the proposed carpark area.
- Pine bark mulch to garden beds to be provide along the eastern carpark boundary.
- Rockery, veggie patch
- Turfed area: outdoor playground area Sir Walter Buffalo
- Fully automated Toro irrigation system to garden and lawn areas
- Fencing: outdoor play area enclosed in 1800mm high "DIPLOMAT" security fence, the existing fences on the road boundaries will remain other than new entry/exist gates on the new driveways
- Play equipment: play gym, shade sail areas (3)
- Security fencing: 2000mm high black powder coated finished "Diplomat" and gates as specified.
- A portion of the land will be developed for children's agricultural activities to the east of the existing dwelling.

#### PROPOSED CHILDCARE CENTRE TO BE DEVELOPED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING PLANS:

Plan No.	Plan Description	Drawn by/Date
5551/1	EXISTING SITE SURVEY	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/2	CHILDCARE SITE / LAYOUT & PLAN	Project Planning and Design 22 May 2021
5551/3	GROUND FLOOR LAYOUT PLAN	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/4	ELEVATIONS & SECTIONS DETAILS	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/5	EXISTING SITE SEWERAGE LAYOUT PLAN	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/6	DETAIL SEWER LAYOUT PLAN	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/7	STORMWATER RETICULATION LAYOUT	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
	PLAN	

#### ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

- Child Care Centre Plane Tree Rd Springvale
   TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT A report on the TRAFFIC IMPACTS of, parent pick-up and bus services and
   other safety aspects of a proposal to open a day care centre Prepared by Garry Gaffney FIEAust(ret)., CPEng,
   July 2021
- CONCEPT STORMWATER DRAINAGE PLANS Prepared by deboke Consulting Engineers
- Arboricultural Impact Assessment (Mark D McCrone Landscape Architect) July 2021 Ref. 21/408
- Building Designer Comments Project Planning & Design
- Operator and centre/landowners experience justification for this location
- Association of Australasian Acoustical Consultants Guideline for Child Care Centre Acoustic Assessment Version 2.0

#### SITE SOIL TESTING

The site soil testing for contamination was undertaken when approval was given to the plan of subdivision creating DP1266781 and the construction of the existing dwelling.

#### **CONSULTATION**

\_It is understood that the proposed development will be notified to specified landowners and the public in accordance with Council's Notification policy.

Any submissions received in respect of the notification will be a matter of consideration for Council in determination of the application.

REFERRALS: It is understood that referrals of this application will be to other Council departments only.

#### **ESTIMATED COST:** \$980,000.00

#### SITE AND LOCALITY DESCRIPTION

<u>Locality:</u> Character of the area is large lot residential and rural landscape zones, 80% developed with dwellings and outbuildings. Lot size area range from 4500m2 to 2 ha in general. The land slopes towards the creek draining into Lake Albert.



SITE LOCATION LOT 33 No 19 LLOYD RD

#### **TOPOGRAPHY**

Lot 33 DP 1266781 developed land with existing dwelling established trees and shrubs and out buildings and lawn, with a cross fall of 1% from the south west to the north/east corner.

Refer to PLAN 5551/1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY AND ATTACHED PHOTOS

#### **SITE SERVICES**

All public utility services are available:

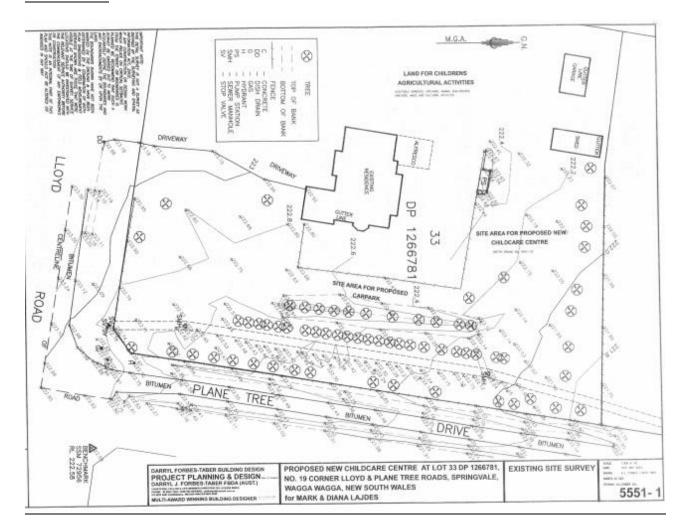
- electricity
- water
- sewerage
- stormwater drainage
- telecommunications

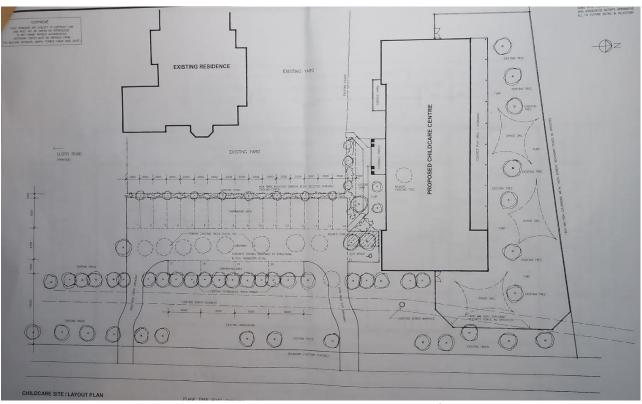
#### **EASEMENTS**

An easement for sewer (2m wide) is located on the Plane Tree Drive side of the land, and a 10m wide Restriction of land use along the Lloyd Road boundary as shown on DP1266781 above.

PREVIOUS USE - prior to 2020 Rural - Vacant land

PROPOSED USE - Child Care Centre





CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN - PLAN 5551/2

## ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT 1979 SECTION 4.15C (1) CONSIDERATIONS:

#### S4.15C(1)(a)(i) any environmental planning instrument

#### **State Environmental Planning Policies**

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities) 2017

The SEPP determines that a consent authority must take into consideration the **Child Care Planning Guideline Delivering Quality Childcare for NSW (August 2017)** when assessing a development application (DA) for a centre-based child care facility ('child care facility'):

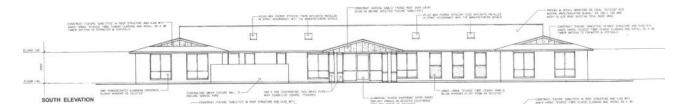
Note: The proposed development will be subject to the requirements of:

- 107. Unencumbered indoor space satisfies the regulation requirement as shown on the NATIONAL QUALITY FRAMEWORK ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST and drawings.
- 108. Unencumbered outdoor space satisfies the regulation requirement as shown on the NATIONAL QUALITY FRAMEWORK ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST and drawings.

#### **RESPONSE - COMPLIANCE**

The *checklist* has been completed by the Building Designer and is attached to this Statement of Environmental Effects

**Note:** SITE SOIL TESTING for contamination has been previously undertaken when the subdivision creating Lot 33 DP1266781 LARGE LOT RESIDENTIAL) IN 2020 AND APPROVAL FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE EXISTING DWELLING ON SITE was considered by Council with no contamination being identified.



SEPP Provision	Proponents	Consent authorities	Regulatory authority: Concurrence / Service Approval
Guideline as a consideration	Use the Guideline when preparing a development application to ensure once built, the development meets the physical requirements for the subsequent service approval application.	Consider Parts 2, 3 and 4 of the Guideline. Review the National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist.	Assess Concurrence request against relevant sections of Part 4 and the National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist.
Controls in Development Control Plans	The provisions of the Child Care Planning Guideline will generally take precedence over a DCP, other than building height, side and rear setbacks and car parking rates.  Where there is no DCP, use all Parts of the Guideline to inform DA preparation.	The provisions of the Child Care Planning Guideline will generally take precedence over a DCP, other than building height, side and rear setbacks and car parking rates.  Where there are no DCP provisions consider the development application against the matters in the Guideline.	Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010 as amended – Section 12 - Specific Uses and Developments Page 3 of 16 Version: 22 12.5 Childcare Centres provisions are consistent with the Child Care Planning Guidelines
Concurrence	Complete and submit National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist.  Prepare DA in accordance with Part 4 of the Guideline and Regulations 107 & 108 of the National Regulations.	Check National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist to assess need for concurrence.  Refer to regulatory authority if insufficient unencumbered indoor or outdoor space provided.	Check National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist to review unencumbered space provisions – indoor and outdoor. Advise consent authority of determination regarding concurrence.

#### Refer to:

- 107. Unencumbered indoor space satisfies the regulation requirement (3.25m2) as shown on the NATIONAL QUALITY FRAMEWORK ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST and the attached drawings.
- 108. Unencumbered outdoor space satisfies the regulation requirement (7.0m2) as shown on the NATIONAL QUALITY FRAMEWORK ASSESSMENT CHECKLIST and the attached drawings

#### State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004.

**RESPONSE** 

#### **ENERGY EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS**

**BASIX IS NOT APPLICABLE** 

The proposed development will comply with the requirements of the NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE SECTION "J" ENERGY EFFICIENCY REQUIREMENTS report will be submitted with the construction certificate application.

#### **Local Environmental Plan**

#### Wagga Wagga Local Environmental Plan 2010 (WWLEP)

The following table shows provisions of the WWLEP relevant to consideration in determining the proposed development application:

WWLEP PROVISIONS	RELEVANT	COMPLIANCE
Part 1 Preliminary		
1.1 Name of Plan	YES	Noted
1.1AA Commencement	YES	Noted
1.2 Aims of Plan	YES	COMPLIES
(2) The particular aims of this Plan are as follows:		
(a) to optimise the management and use of resources and		
ensure that choices and opportunities in relation to those resources		
remain for future generations,		
(d) to co-ordinate development with the provision of public		
infrastructure and services.		
1.3 Land to which Plan applies	YES	COMPLIES
		WWLEP applies
		as Lot within
		the LGA
		<b>Boundary</b> (see
		<u>Land</u>
		Application
		Map - Sheet
		LAP_001)
1.4 Definitions	YES	COMPLIES
(See Dictionary)	ILS	Noted.
child care centre means a building or place used for the supervision and care of		Noteu.
children that:		
ciliaren mac.		

(a) provides long day care, pre-school care, occasional child care or out-of-school-hours care, and (b) does not provide overnight accommodation for children other than those related to the owner or operator of the centre, but does not include: (c) a building or place used for home-based child care, or (d) an out-of-home care service provided by an agency or organisation accredited by the Children's Guardian, or (e) a baby-sitting, playgroup or child-minding service that is organised informally by the parents of the children concerned, or (f) a service provided for fewer than 5 children (disregarding any children who are related to the person providing the service) at the premises at which at least one of the children resides, being a service that is not advertised, or (g) a regular child-minding service that is provided in connection with a recreational or commercial facility (such as a gymnasium), by or on behalf of the person conducting the facility, to care for children while the children's parents are using the facility, or (h) a service that is concerned primarily with the provision of: (i) lessons or coaching in, or providing for participation in, a cultural, recreational, religious or sporting activity, or (ii) private tutoring, or (i) a school, or (j) a service provided at exempt premises (within the meaning of Chapter 12 of the Children and Young Persons (Care and Protection) Act 1998), such as hospitals, but only if the service is established, registered or licensed as part of the institution operating on those premises.		The proposed development will be used for the supervision and care of children in accordance with this definition
1.5 Notes	YES	Noted
1.6 Consent authority	YES	Noted
1.7 Maps	YES	Noted
1.8 Repeal of other local planning instruments applying to land		Noted
1.8A Savings provision relating to pending development approvals	NO	Noted
1.9 Application of SEPPs		Noted
1.9A Suspension of covenants, agreements and instruments		Noted
Part 2 Permitted or prohibited development		
2.1 Land use zones	YES	Noted
2.2 Zoning of land to which Plan applies	YES	COMPLIES
Wagga Wagga		The
Local Environmental Plan 2010		development
Land Zoning Map - Sheet LZN_004E		site is in the
Zone  Ell Neighbourhood Centre  El Local Centre		R5 Large Lot
Sopra Commercial Core  34 Mixed Use		Residential
1 National Parks and Nature Reserves 2 Environmental Conservation		zone
E Environmental Living W General Industrial NZ Light Industrial		
RI General Residential Medium Density Residential FS Large LOT Residential		
RE1 Public Recreation RE2 Private Recreation		
EUI Primary Production		
LOT 33		
LOI JJ		

2.3 Zone objectives and Land Use Table	YES	Refer to Land
		Use Table
		extract below
2.4 Unzoned land	NO	
2.5 Additional permitted uses for particular land	NO	
2.6 Subdivision—consent requirements	NO	
2.7 Demolition requires development consent	YES	No
2.8 Temporary use of land	NO	
Land Use Table	YES	COMPLIES
		The proposed
Zone R5 Large Lot Residential		child care
1 Objectives of zone		centre
To provide residential housing in a rural setting while preserving, and		development
minimising impacts on, environmentally sensitive locations and scenic quality.		aligns with the
To ensure that large residential lots do not hinder the proper and orderly		objectives of
development of urban areas in the future.		Zone R5 and is
To ensure that development in the area does not unreasonably increase the		permitted with
demand for public services or public facilities.		consent.
To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within		
adjoining zones.		Note the range
To ensure that the clearing of native vegetation is avoided or minimised as far		of <b>commercial</b>
as is practicable.		and traffic
2 Permitted without consent		generating uses
Home businesses; Home occupations; Roads		permitted with
3 Permitted with consent		consent with
Dwelling houses; Hardware and building supplies; Home industries;		potential to
Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Rural supplies; Pond-based		adversely
aquaculture; Tank-based aquaculture; Timber yards; Vehicle sales or hire		impact on the
premises; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4		amenity of the
4 Prohibited		area.
Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Amusement centres; Animal		It is clear that
boarding or training establishments; Attached dwellings; Backpackers'		the expectation
accommodation; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair		that the
facilities; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Commercial premises;		likelihood of a
Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Entertainment		Childcare center
facilities; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation;		being located in
Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Function centres; Heavy industrial storage		the R5 zone is
establishments; Helipads; Highway service centres; Home occupations (sex		low BUT NOT
services); Hotel or motel accommodation; Industrial training facilities;		UNEXPECTED or
Industries; Marinas; Mooring pens; Mortuaries; Multi dwelling housing; Open		considered out
cut mining; Passenger transport facilities; Recreation facilities (indoor);		of character
Recreation facilities (major); Registered clubs; Research stations; Resource		depending on the
recovery facilities; Residential flat buildings; Restricted premises; Rural		
industries; Rural workers' dwellings; Semi-detached dwellings; Seniors housing;		circumstances and merits of
Serviced apartments; Sewage treatment plants; Sex services premises; Storage		
premises; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops;		the proposal. This is evident
Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste disposal facilities; Waste or resource management facilities; Water		by allowing the
		landuse to be
recycling facilities; Water treatment facilities; Wharf or boating facilities; Wholesale supplies		
NOTE		captured by
		Any other
THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT IS IDENTIFIED AS:" Any other development not		development
specified in item 2 or 4" THE DEVELOPMENT IS DEFINED IN THE DICTIONARY OF THIS PLAN AS:		not specified in item 2 or 4
centre-based childcare facility means—		Permitted with
(a) a building or place use for the education and care of children that provides any one		
or more of the following—		consent.

- (i) long day care,
- (ii) occasional childcare,
- (iii) out-of-school-hours care (including vacation care),
- (iv) preschool care, or
- (b) an approved family day care venue (within the meaning of the *Children (Education and Care Services) National Law (NSW)*),

#### **Objectives of zone R5**

• To provide residential housing in a rural setting while preserving, and minimising impacts on, environmentally sensitive locations and scenic quality. **Response** 

There is an Existing dwelling erected on the site with other ancillary development. The site has been extensively landscaped and is the subject of a Land & Water Management Plan.

• To ensure that large residential lots do not hinder the proper and orderly development of urban areas in the future.

#### Response

The following zoning map extract shows the extent of varying sized of the R5 large lot residential development in the south of the wagga wagga city urban area. The lots were developed in an orderly manner to accommodate a range of land uses not acceptable in the other residential zones. Eg Hardware and building supplies; Home industries; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Rural supplies; Pond-based aquaculture; Tank-based aquaculture; Timber yards; Vehicle sales or hire premises. Centre-based child care facilities; are specifically listed as permitted with consent in zones R1 & R3 and are more likely to be located where the residential density is greater than the R5. The extent of the R5 lots developed and R1 lots within a 4km radius will provide a ready catchment area for the proposed centre with the added advantage of being located out of the main urban area with associated traffic issues.

• To ensure that development in the area does not unreasonably increase the demand for public services or public facilities.

#### Response

There is no requirement to amplify any of the existing services to the subject site. The impact on the access roads to the site has been assessed in the attached TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT A report on the TRAFFIC IMPACTS of , parent pick-up and bus services and other safety aspects of a proposal to open a day care centre Prepared by Garry Gaffney FIEAust(ret)., CPEng, July 2021. The assessment concluded

"It is the opinion of the author, that the proposed development will cause very little impact on the existing traffic situation in the area."

• To minimise conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones.

#### Response

The conflicts of land use are basically confined to the properties to the west, south adjoining Lot 33 and the adjacent corner lot.

<u>Western lot</u> has no dwellings and is zoned RU6 Transitional rural. Southern Lot: Has a dwelling being constructed on it approximately 10m from

the common boundary. And 11m to the proposed centre building.



an acoustic fence 1.8m high with be erected

along the boundary to ensure that the noise from the centre does do exceed the Association of Australasian Acoustical Consultants Guideline for Child Care Centre Acoustic Assessment Version 2.0:

#### Residential Receptors limitations outdoor play areas

More than 2 hours per day — The Leq,15min noise level emitted from the outdoor play area shall not exceed the background noise level by more than 5 dB at the assessment location. The assessment location is defined as the most affected point on or within any residential receiver property boundary. Examples of this location may be: ● 1.5 m above ground level; ● On a balcony at 1.5 m above floor level; ● Outside a window on the ground or higher floors.

The hours of operation for all other noised sources including the vehicles entering and leaving the site will be confined the hours of operation 6am to 6pm 5 days a week. The components will be subject to the limitations imposed under the <a href="Protection of the Environment Operations">Protection of the Environment Operations (Noise Control)</a>
<a href="Regulation 2017">Regulation 2017</a>

Noise reading will be undertaken in the first week of operation and or when the centre is operation at full capacity to determine if any more noise attenuation measures will be necessary to comply with the above guideline standards

• To ensure that the clearing of native vegetation is avoided or minimised as far as is practicable.

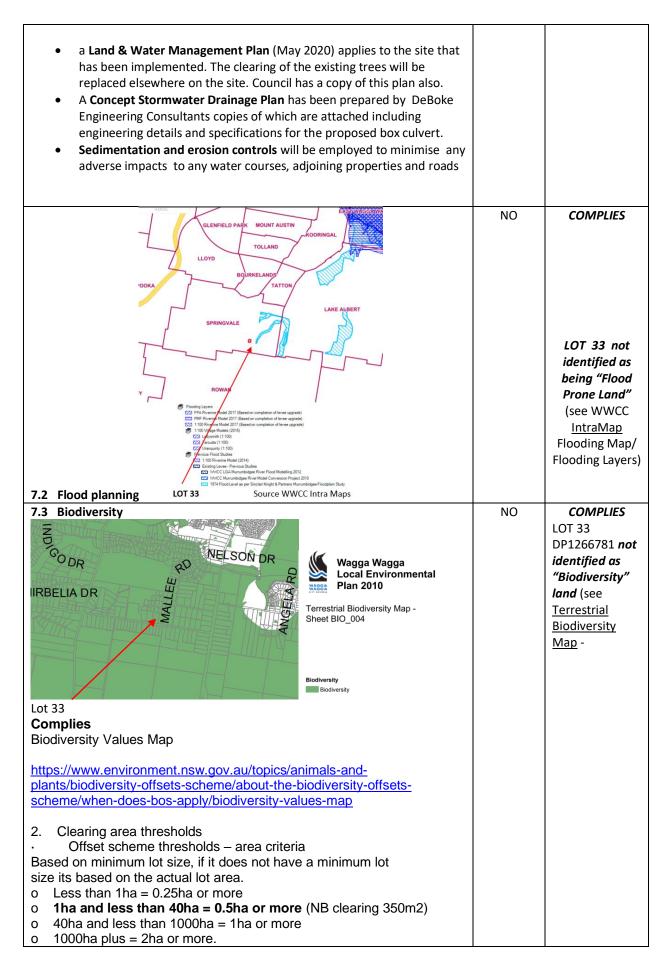
#### Response

- Arboricultural Impact Assessment (Mark D McCrone Landscape Architect) July 2021 Ref. 21/408 was carried out and found:
- The removal of sixteen trees, fourteen of which are exotic species, does not constituent an "adverse" biodiversity impact of any of the circumstances listed in Clause 7.3. Furthermore, the perimeter of the subject property has previously been planted with native trees, none of which will be impacted by the proposed development. This perimeter native vegetation constitutes a canopy cover of approximately 2,800m2 (see Exhibit 8). Refer to 7.7 Biodiversity below for further details.

Part 3 Exempt and complying development			
3.1 Exempt development	NO		
3.2 Complying development	NO		
3.3 Environmentally sensitive areas excluded	NO		
Part 4 Principal development standards			
4.1 Minimum subdivision lot size	NO		
4.1A Exceptions to minimum subdivision lot sizes for certain split zones	NO		
4.1AA Minimum subdivision lot size for community title schemes	NO		
4.2 Rural subdivision	NO		
4.2A Erection of dwelling houses and dual occupancies on land in certain residential, rural and environmental protection zones	NO		

4.2B Minimum subdivision lot size for strata subdivision of residential or tourist	NO	
and visitor accommodation in certain zones		
4.3 Height of buildings	NO	
4.4 Floor space ratio	NO	
4.5 Calculation of floor space ratio and site area	NO	
4.6 Exceptions to development standards	NO	
Part 5 Miscellaneous provisions		
5.1 Relevant acquisition authority	NO	
5.2 Classification and reclassification of public land	NO	
5.3 Development near zone boundaries	NO	
5.4 Controls relating to miscellaneous permissible uses	NO	
5.5 Development within the coastal zone	NO	
5.6 Architectural roof features	NO	
5.7 Development below mean high water mark	NO	
5.8 Conversion of fire alarms	NO	
5.9 Preservation of trees or vegetation	YES	See WWDCP
5.9AA Trees or vegetation not prescribed by development control plan	YES	Noted
5.10 Heritage conservation	NO	COMPLIES
		LOT 33
Wagga Wagga Coal Environmental Plan 2010		DP1266781 not
Horitage Map - Sheet HER_0040		described in
		Schedule 5,
Constitution feet deeper		Environmental
Colonia 26/12/10 0 MMCC		Heritage or
		included in a
		"Conservation
		Area" (see
		Heritage Map -
LOT 33		Sheet HER 004D
All a detail all their		
Aboriginal objects,  Requirement for consent Development consent is required for any of the following—		NO Aboriginal
(a) demolishing or moving any of the following or altering the exterior of any of the following		objects or place
(including, in the case of a building, making changes to its detail, fabric, finish or appearance)—		of significance
(i) a heritage item,		has been discovered or
(ii) an Aboriginal object, (iii) a building, work, relic or tree within a heritage conservation area,		attributed to the
(d) disturbing or excavating an Aboriginal place of heritage significance,		site in the past
(e) erecting a building on land—		subdivision
(i) on which a heritage item is located or that is within a heritage conservation area, or		creating Lot 33
(ii) on which an Aboriginal object is located or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage significance,		or in the
(f) subdividing land—		construction of
(i) on which a heritage item is located or that is within a heritage conservation area, or		the existing
(ii) on which an Aboriginal object is located or that is within an Aboriginal place of heritage		dwelling
significance 5.11 Bush fire hazard reduction	NO	COMPLIES
3.11 Dash in Characteria reduction	110	
		LOT 33 is not
		located on
		bushfire prone
		land

	-	
Bushfire Prone Land  Bushfire Prone Land  Category One Category Two Buffer Zone  LOT 33  Source WWCC Intra Maps		
5.12 Infrastructure development and use of existing buildings of the Crown	NO	
5.13 Eco-tourist facilities	NO	
5.14 Siding Spring Observatory – maintaining dark sky	NO	
5.15 Defense communications facility	NO	
Part 6 Urban release areas	NO	
Part 7 Additional local provisions  7.1 Postriction on pow dwellings at North Wagga Wagga	NO	
7.1 Restriction on new dwellings at North Wagga Wagga	_	
7.1A Earthworks	YES	COMPLIES
(a) to ensure that earthworks for which development consent is required will not have a detrimental impact on environmental functions and processes, neighbouring uses, cultural or heritage items or features of the surrounding land,  (b) to allow earthworks of a minor nature without requiring separate development consent.  (2) Development consent is required for earthworks unless:  (a) the work is exempt development under this Plan or another applicable environmental planning instrument, or  (b) the work is ancillary to other development for which development consent has been given.  (3) Before granting development consent for earthworks, the consent authority must consider the following matters:  (a) the likely disruption of, or any detrimental effect on, existing drainage patterns and soil stability in the locality,  (b) the effect of the proposed development on the likely future use or redevelopment of the land,  (c) the quality of the fill or the soil to be excavated, or both,  (d) the effect of the proposed development on the existing and likely amenity of adjoining properties,  (e) the source of any fill material and the destination of any excavated material,  (f) the likelihood of disturbing relics,  (g) the proximity to and potential for adverse impacts on any watercourse, drinking water catchment or environmentally sensitive area  RESPONSE: The proposed development involves earthworks of a minor nature		The anticipated earthworks will be ancillary to the proposed development, see 7.1A (2)(b).  LOT 33 DP1266781 is evenly graded. The site has a cross fall (1%) from the NORTHEAST corner to the SOUTHWEST corner. Refer to plan 5551-1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY attached.



#### 2. Non-Bio certified Land - No impact

The development is in a R5 LARGE LOT RESIDENTIAL zone on land that is not bio-certified and includes the removal of native vegetation. In accordance with the above listed legislation there are a number of tests to determine whether the proposed removal results in the need for further assessments or offsets.

- 1. Is the subject site identified as an area of outstanding biodiversity value on the biodiversity values map? **No**
- 2. Does the amount of native vegetation being removed exceed the biodiversity offsets scheme threshold.

The subject site has an area of 1.1ha. the threshold for a lot of this size is 0.5 ha. given the cleared area is only 350m2. The threshold has not been exceeded.



325 m2

3. **Test of Significance** - the test to determine whether the proposed development or activity is likely to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities, or their habitats.

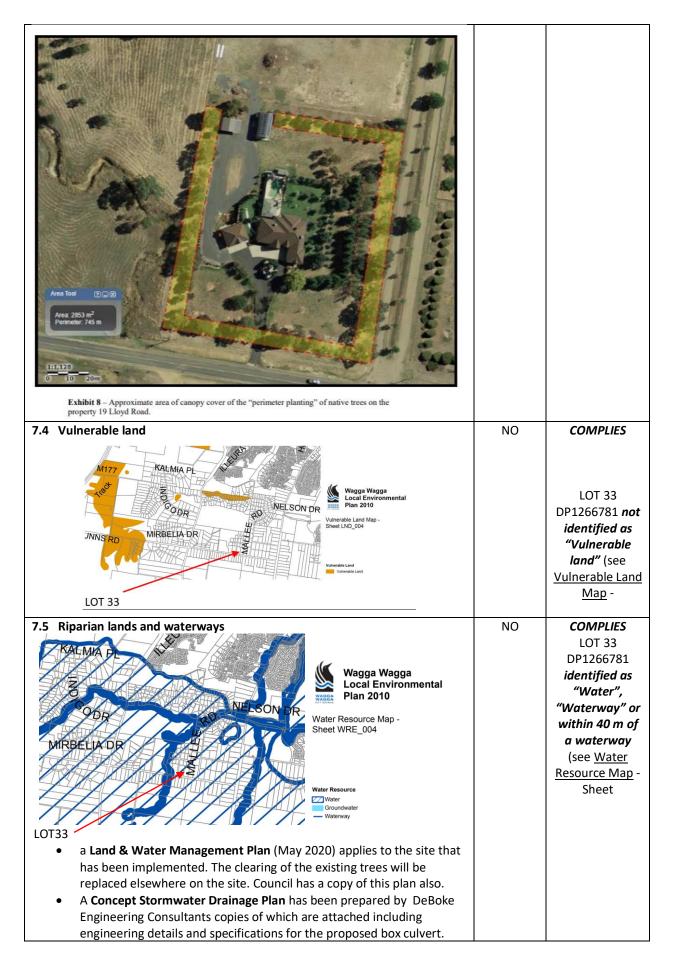
Given the small scale of removal that is proposed and the absence of any recorded endangered flora or fauna on site the proposed development is not anticipated to significantly affect threatened species or ecological communities or their habitats.

#### Conclusion

Based on the above assessment the application does not fall within the biodiversity offset scheme and no further evidence is required regarding the proposed vegetation removal.

**Arboricultural Impact Assessment** by Mark McCrone Landscape Architect July 2021 Ref. 21/408. Copy attached concluded:

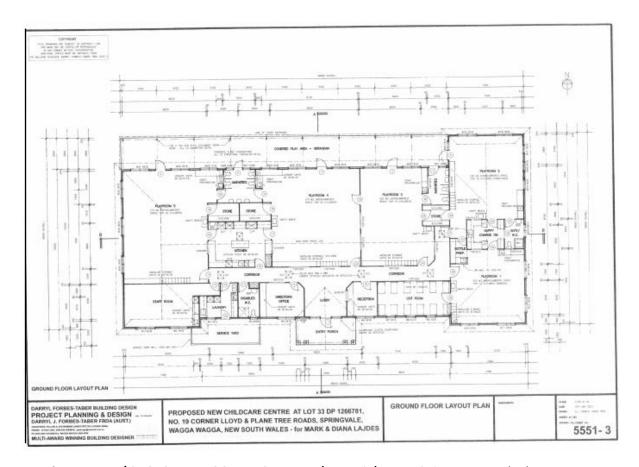
The removal of sixteen trees, fourteen of which are exotic species, does not constituent an "adverse" biodiversity impact of any of the circumstances listed in Clause 7.3. Furthermore, the perimeter of the subject property has previously been planted with native trees, none of which will be impacted by the proposed development. This perimeter native vegetation constitutes a canopy cover of approximately 2,800m2 (see Exhibit 8).



7.6 Groundwater vulnerability  Wagga Wagga Local Environmental Plan 2010  Water Resource Map Sheet WRE_004  Water Resource Water Water WRE_004	NO	LOT 33 DP1266781 not identified as "Groundwater", (see Water Resource Map -
7.7 Protected regrowth for Native Vegetation Act 2003  Wagga Wagga Local Environmental Plan 2010  North Wagga Wagga Restrictions on New Dwellings Map Lloyd Quarry Map Protected Regrowth Map - Sheet CL1_004C  Lloyd Quarry Site  Restrictions on New Dwellings  Special Site  Protected Regrowth Protection Area	NO	LOT 33 DP1266781 is not identified as a "Regrowth Protection Area" (see Protected Regrowth Map
7.8 Cartwrights Hill Precinct—odour and noise assessment	NO	
7.9 Primacy of Zone B3 Commercial Core	NO	
7.10 Business premises in Zone B6 Enterprise Corridor	NO	
7.11 Airspace operations	NO	
7.12 Development in areas subject to aircraft noise		
Schedule 1 Additional permitted uses		
Schedule 2 Exempt development		
Schedule 3 Complying development		
Schedule 4 Classification and reclassification of public land		
Schedule 5 Environmental heritage	NO	Considered

2. S4.15C(1)(a)(ii) any proposed instrument that is or has been the subject of public consultation under this Act and that has been notified to the consent authority (unless the Secretary has notified the consent authority that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved)

RESPONSE No proposed instrument.



**Drawing No 5551 / 2 GROUND FLOOR LAYOUT PLAN (EXTRACT)** Note A3 size copy attached.

3. S4.15C(1)(a)(iii) any development control plan

#### WAGGA WAGGA DEVELOPMENT CONTROL PLAN 2010 (WWDCP)

#### **RESPONSE**

The following table indicates the proposed development's compliance with relevant provisions of the WWDCP's Objectives and Controls:

WWDCP - Provisions	Relevant	Comment / Compliance
Section 1 _ General	YES	Noted
1.1 Name of development control plan		Noted
1.2 Where the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan	YES	Noted
2010 applies		
1.3 Commencement date	YES	Noted

1.4 Purpose of the Wagga Wagga Development Control	YES	Noted
Plan 2010		
1.5 Guiding Principles	YES	COMPLIES
The Guiding Principles (GP) within the DCP are set out		
below. Those principles underpin the DCP and inform the		The proposed development has been
assessments and decision made on an application.		designed to be consistent with the
GP1 Sustainability, climate change management, and		Guiding Principles GP1 TO GP4
efficient use of resources		
i. To protect and enhance the viability of natural systems		
ii. To achieve good environmental outcomes		DEFED TO DOD SECTION O DESIDENTIAL
iii. To manage incremental change to retain sustainable		REFER TO DCP SECTION 9 RESIDENTIAL
outcomes		DEVELOPMENT RESPONSE
iv. To support waste minimisation strategies		
v. To protect the indigenous, European, and natural heritage		
vi. To avoid use of rainforest and old growth timbers		
GP2 Site responsive development		
i. To design for compatibility with topography, physical		
characteristics and setting		
ii. To achieve a positive contribution to the streetscape		
and/or natural environment		
GP3 Design quality		
i. To achieve quality sustainable development		
ii. To respond to site conditions		
GP4 Quality public domain		
i. To achieve vibrant and attractive public spaces		
ii. To enhance opportunities for community connection		
iii. To design for crime prevention and public safety		
1.6 Relationship to other plans	YES	Noted
1.6A Savings and transitional provisions	NO	Noted
1.7 Structure of the Wagga Wagga Development Control	YES	Noted
Plan 2010	. 23	Notes
1.8 Using the Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan	YES	Noted
2010	5	AND EMPLOYED IN THE BUIDING
The <b>Guiding Principles</b> at Section 1.5 underpin all aspects		DESIGN AND SITE LAYOUT
of the DCP. All development applications and decisions are		
to be consistent with the Guiding Principles ()		
1.9 Lodging a Development Application	YES	Noted
1.10 Notification of a Development Application	YES	The use of land for a Child Care Centre
' ''		in Zone R5 requires the notification =
Notification Type B:		YB14.
Three lots either side of the lot on which development is		
proposed and three immediately adjoining at the rear plus		
three directly opposite the frontage of the development		Therefore, Type B notification is
site in the street or rear lane.		required for a 14-day period
Key		
•Y = advertisement required		
•N = No advertisement required		
•A = Type A notification		
●B = Type B notification		
• 7 = 7-day period		
• 14 = 14-day period		
1.11 Complying with the Wagga Wagga Development	NO	Noted
Control Plan 2010	.10	110100
1.12 Where can I get more information?		Noted
		110104

#### Section 2 – Controls that apply to all development

2.1 Vehicle access and movements

#### **Objectives**

O1 Ensure the safety and efficiency of urban and rural roads.

O2 Limit new access points to arterial roads or ensure alternative access is utilised where practical.

#### **Controls**

C1 Access should be from an alternative secondary frontage or other non-arterial road where possible.

C2 A Traffic Impact Study may be required where adverse local traffic impacts may result from the development. The traffic impact study is to include the suitability of the proposal in terms of the design and location of the proposed access, and the likely nature, volume or frequency of traffic to be generated by the development.

C3 Vehicles are to enter and leave in a forward direction unless it can be demonstrated that site conditions prevent it

C4 Provide adequate areas for loading and unloading of goods on site. The loading space and facilities are to be appropriate to the scale of development.

C5 Access driveways are to be located in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard at the time of lodgement of an application.

C6 Ensure adequate sight lines for proposed driveways.



#### YES **COMPLIES**

See Drawing 5551/1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY and 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN

Access to the site will be via **PLANE TREE DRIVE.** 

#### TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Prepared by Garry Gaffney FIEAust(ret)., CPEng, July 2021

#### **Relevant extracts:**

The Centre will have 79 children. The centre will be constructed on the northern side of the existing residence as shown on the site plan. Staff will be parked on-site. Parents and carers will have adequate parking on-site to set down and pick up children. A 12-seater mini bus will also provide transport for some children. The operating hours will be between 6.00am and 5.00pm. (Page 3)

Bus travellers. The management proposes to use a small bus to transport some children to and from the centre. The developers also operate an existing Early Learning Centre in Lingiari Dr Lloyd. Because this location may be more convenient to some parents, the management proposes to offer a bus transfer from the Lingiari Dr. location to the new Centre. It is estimated that this will increase parent vehicle trips of about 18 in the AM and PM at the Lingari Dr Centre. It is estimated that there will be 3 – 4 bus trips each AM and PM between the two centres. (Page 4)

Sight Distance at the Intersection is very good. Looking to the west from Plane Tree Rd the sight distance has been assessed as 450 metres. In an easterly direction the sight distance is in excess of 600 metres. This is in excess if the requirements for an 80 kph road. (Page 5)

The main **collector road is Lloyd Rd** between Plumpton Rd and Holbrook Rd. This road aligns with Dunns Rd to the west forming a connection to the

Olympic Hwy. Dunns Rd is partly unsealed A turn count survey was carried out for the AM/PM peak hour at the intersection of Lloyd/Plane Tree.(Page 6) It is apparent that the traffic falls well below any warrants for intersection improvements at the intersection of Lloyd/ Plane Tree Rd.(Page 6) The provision for **on-site parking** is in accordance with the Council requirements Entrance and Egress for the site Council may choose to require the construction of a new crossover point to align with the proposed egress for the developer. Summary It is the opinion of the author, that the proposed development will cause very little impact on the existing traffic situation in the area. Vehicles can enter and leave the site in a forward direction, as sufficient area is provided in the car park to perform a point turn including the proposed bus. Adequate sight lines for the proposed driveway will be provided. Excellent sightlines along Plane Tree Drive exist for traffic entering and leaving the site.' REFER TO PHOTO GALLERY **COMPLIES** 2.2 Off-street parking YES See Drawing 5551/1 EXISTING SITE **Objectives** SURVEY and 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN O1 Ensure adequate provision is made for safe and efficient movement of vehicles and pedestrians. O2 Ensure the provision of safe and efficient parking for Vehicles can access and move around all modes of transport to meet anticipated demands. the site in a safe and efficient manner. O3 Minimise disruptions to existing levels of service and safety as a result of insufficient parking being provided on The parking area is flat with good lines of sight. O4 Soften the impacts of larger car parking areas through the use of landscaping. O5 Provide both shade and solar access to car park users by means of purpose designed tree planting. Controls - parking rates The Land Use/ Car Parking Requirement C1 Parking is to be provided in accordance with the table Table specifies that Preschools and child below. For uses not listed, similar land uses should be used care centres require 1 car parking as a guide in assessing car parking requirements. space/4 children in attendance.

C2 The design and layout of parking is to be in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard at the time of lodgement of an application.

C3 Parking spaces are to be provided for disabled persons. Accessible parking spaces to comply with the relevant Australian Standard at the time of lodgement of an application.

[C4 - Mixed use developments]

[C5 - Redevelopment or change of use (other than in the B3 zone)]

[C6 - Redevelopment or change of use within the B3 zone]

C7 Variations to the parking requirements may be considered where minor alterations and additions are proposed and the changes do not encroach or reduce the current off-street parking spaces.

C8 A traffic and parking study may be required for certain proposals, including but not limited to proposals for schools and other education uses including child care centres, business parks, hospitals, cinemas and gyms.

C9 Provide trees within the parking area at a rate of 1 tree per 5 spaces in a row. Each tree to have a minimum mature spread of 5m and to be located in a planting bed with minimum width of 1.5m (between back of kerbs) and minimum area of 3.5m2.

C10 Planting beds located within a car park are to have a subsoil drainage system connected into the stormwater system of the site.

C11 To ensure sightlines are maintained for drivers and pedestrians, trees used within or adjacent to car parking areas shall have a minimum clear trunk height of 2.5m

The car parking requirement for the proposed development is compliant with this control, as:

- **79** children in attendance require the provision of 20 car parking spaces (79/4 = 19.75).
- 21 car parking spaces are provided on site. (Space No.21 Disabled Space)

A traffic and parking study is not considered necessary, given the scale of the development, limited hours of operation and the provision of an area sufficient to perform a point turn in the car park on site.

See Drawing 5551/1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY and 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN

Sightlines will be maintained for drivers and pedestrians within the car park.

#### 2.3 Landscaping

#### **Objectives**

O1 Promote designed landscapes as part of a fully integrated approach to site development within residential, industrial and commercial areas.

O2 Retain and protect existing vegetation, particularly large and medium trees, and conserve significant natural features of the site.

O3 Encourage landscape that responds to existing site conditions, local character and creates and enhances living and working environments whilst discouraging the opportunities for crime and vandalism.

O4 Ensure the landscape adequately complements the proposed built forms and minimises the impacts of scale, mass and bulk of the development on the existing area and surrounding streetscapes, view sheds and neighbourhood amenity.

O5 Promote the use of indigenous and other low maintenance plant material suitable to the climatic extremes of the local area, particularly the use of plant material with low water requirements.

O6 Encourage landscape that can be effectively maintained to a high standard for the life of the development.

#### YES **COMPLIES**

See 5551/1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY and 2 SITE LAYOUT AND LANDSCAPING

Refer to the LANDSACAPING LEGEND for the:

- List of plants to be used.
- Lawn / Turf areas
- Mulched garden beds

A fully automated irrigation system will be installed.

The selection and maintenance of plants will need to comply with clause 71 of the NSW *Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012.* 

The site has well established trees the vast majority of which will be retained and integrated within the design layout for the centre.

O7 Enhance and define entry areas and to frame views from and into the development via the use of landscaping.

#### Controls – All developments Landscape design

C1 A landscape plan is required for applications for:

- Commercial and Industrial developments
- Residential development (other than dwelling houses). C2 Natural features at the site, such as trees, rock outcrops, cliffs, ledges and indigenous species and vegetation communities are to be retained and incorporated into the design of the development.

C3 Use native and indigenous plants, especially low water consumption plants in preference to exotic species. C4 Trees should be planted at the front and rear of properties to provide tree canopy.

C5 Provide landscaping in the front and side setback areas, and on other parts of the site to improve the streetscape, soften the appearance of buildings and paved areas, and to provide visual screening.

C6 Landscaping should provide shade in summer without reducing solar access in winter. Limited use of deciduous species is acceptable where used to achieve passive solar design.

9 existing trees are to be removed in the construction of the carpark.

## Arboricultural ImpactAssessment

Specific tree removal details are provided including mapped locations, sizes, numbers and species. An arborist report is provided to support the removal of trees from site that offer both amenity to the streetscape and compliance with native vegetation requirements in the locality. The assessment of the clearing of native vegetation has been undertaken by Mark McCrone a copy of which is Attached

Landscaping will be provided on the western side of the carpark along the existing fence.

Some deciduous trees will be used to ensure the provision of shade in summer and to avoid reducing solar access in winter.

#### YES 2.4 Signage Signage will be the subject of a separate application. YES COMPLIES 2.5 Safety and security **Objectives** The Crime Prevention Strategy includes O1 Incorporate crime prevention strategies in new the site layout, external lighting and developments. good natural surveillance from the O2 Encourage active, pedestrian oriented environments existing residence 22m to the south of where developments are designed to integrate into the the centre. public domain. Security fencing will be erected around

O3 Maximise opportunities for natural surveillance of public spaces and building or site entrances.

#### Controls

C1 Use good site planning to clearly define public, semipublic and private areas.

C2 Entries are to be clearly visible and identifiable from the street, and are to give the resident/occupier a sense of personal address and shelter. For non-residential uses, administration offices or showroom are to be located at Fencing will need to comply with clause 44 of the NSW Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012 and consistent with the new "Guidelines".

the outdoor play area. 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN

soil and foreign material from construction sites.

drainage system.

O3 Prevent flood damage of individual properties caused by sediment reducing the flow capacity of the stormwater

the front of the building. C3 Minimise blank walls along street frontages. The CPTED principles C4 Avoid areas of potential concealment and 'blind' There are four principles that have been C5 Provide lighting to external entry areas, driveways used in the assessment of the proposed and car parks in accordance with the relevant Australian development to minimise the Standards. The lighting is to be designed and sited to opportunity for crime: minimise spill and potential nuisance to adjoining properties. surveillance (Natural from the C6 Planting and fencing is not to reduce the safety of exterior and formal interior of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance. the centre). C7 Where a site provides a pedestrian through route the access control (fencing, doors access path is to be clearly defined and sign posted, and partitions) appropriately lit, and have satisfactory visibility. territorial reinforcement by C8 Locate public toilets and rest areas to promote their layout and fit out of the various use, and maximise public surveillance without creating activity areas. visual intrusion. space management within and outside the building, external areas and surrounds The boundary fences to adjacent lots will be: • 1800mm high "Netascreen" or equivalent Colorbond steel fence. • The security fence around the outdoor play area 1800mm high "Diplomat" Black powdercoated child security fence. • Security cameras will be installed. The public and semi-public areas associated with the development are confined to the car park. There are no blank walls, blind corners, or public toilets. Lighting to external entry areas, driveways, and car parks to be in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard 2890.1 Part 1: Off-street car parking. The proposed landscape treatment and fencing will not reduce the safety of users or compromise areas of natural surveillance. 2.6 Erosion and sediment control principles YES **COMPLIES Objectives** O1 Protect the environment against soil erosion and loss of soil from construction sites. See Appendix 2 – Erosion and Sediment O2 Prevent the degradation of drainage systems, Controls will apply. waterways and aquatic environments from deposition of

O4 Donor-to-the invalence total and formation of a series and and invant		T
O4 Promote the implementation of erosion and sediment		
control measures by persons undertaking construction		
and earthworks activities to prevent the loss of soil from		
the site.		
2.7 Development adjoining open space	NO	
Section 3 – Heritage Conservation		
	NO	LOT 33 DP1266781 is <b>not</b> described in the WWLEP Schedule 5, Environmental Heritage
Section 4 – Environmental Hazards & Management COMP	PLIES	
4.1 Bushfire	NO	LOT 33 DP1266781 NOT IDENTIFIED AS "BUSHFIRE PRONE LAND" (see WWCC IntraMap Bushfire Map/ Bushfire Prone Land Layer)
4.2 Flooding	NO	LOT 33 DP1266781 is NOT IDENTIFIED AS BEING "FLOOD PRONE LAND" (see WWCC IntraMap Flooding Map/Flooding Layers)
Section 5 – Natural resource and landscape management COMF	PLIES	
5.1 Development on ridges and prominent hills	NO	
5.2 Preservation of trees	YES	Only 9 trees to be removed are those
		located in the proposed carpark area.
		See 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT
		PLAN
5.3 Native vegetation cover	YES	
5.4 Environmentally sensitive land	NO	LOT 33 DP1266781 is not identified as
···		"Water", "Waterway", within 40 m of a waterway or "Groundwater" (see Water Resource Map - Sheet WRE_004)  The land is not Biodiversity sensitive as referenced in Section 5.4 of the WWDCP).
WWDCP – PART C	RELEVANT	N/A
Section 6 - Villages	NO	
WWDCP – PART D	RELEVANT	COMPLIES
Section 7 – Subdivision	NO	N/A
Section 8 – Rural Development	NO	N/A
Section 9 – Residential Development	YES	COMPLIES
Principles for residential development		COMPLIES
Sustainability and efficient use of resources		The principles for residential
Design quality		development have been followed in the
Site responsive development		design process for the design of the
Quality public domain		Child care centre in recognition of the
9.1.2 R1 Zone – established suburbs NOT APPLICABLE		Large Lot Residential context.
Existing built form		
Existing Pulit Ioilli	L	

Wagga Wagga's established suburbs are characterised by predominantly single storey detached dwellings. Most streets have consistent front setbacks of 6m, although in some suburbs the front setbacks are 7.5m.

The trend towards larger dwelling "footprints", combined with the generous front setbacks, means that there is often not much space at the rear of the dwelling for a "good back yard". The Residential Design Principles and DCP controls encourage future development to rethink residential design to improve thermal performance, and make better use of orientation and site conditions.

#### Future directions and opportunities.

Future development should respect the established character in the vicinity of the site, and aim to contribute positively to the streetscape and overall environmental quality of the locality.

Key priorities for the R1 Zone established areas are:

• Avoid excessive site cover by buildings ....

Make good use of site orientation and spaces around buildings to achieve good useable private open space. Ensure good connections between indoor and outdoor living areas.

Incorporate quality landscaping including mature trees.

#### 9.2 Site context and layout

...... encourage site responsive developments that are compatible with neighbourhood character. Site responsive developments respond to their site context take advantage of site features and minimise impacts to neighbours.

#### 9.2.1 Site layout

Development should be individually tailored for the site, taking advantage of **orientation**, locating buildings to minimise cut and fill on sloping sites, and integrating landscaping and built form. The principles of passive solar design are fundamental and are best achieved by orienting living areas to the north, and designing for natural cross ventilation.

#### 9.2.2 Streetscape

Good streetscape character is important for a quality residential environment. The streetscape character is created by the relationship between buildings and landscape character. This includes well defined front gardens, fences that look part of the street rather than an extension of the house, and by street trees. Objectives O1 Encourage compatibility with existing built form. O2 Encourage attractive streetscapes. O3 Ensure a strong street edge with good definition between the public and private domain. O4 In locations where front fences are an important feature of the established streetscape, ensure that new fences complement the character of the streetscape. Controls C1 Provide a street address and front elevation that is consistent with the predominant scale, rhythm and form of the street. C2 Front fence height forward of the building line is not to exceed 1200mm. However, a side boundary fence forward of the building line may be permitted to taper from the maximum permitted height (1.8 metres) at the building line down to the 1200mm maximum permitted height at the front boundary. C3

An examination of the attached plans will demonstrate the proposed development will satisfy and comply with the RELEVANT requirements of: Wagga Wagga Development Control Plan 2010 as amended – Section 9 - Residential Development V17 as they are relevant to the R5 zone

#### Principles for residential development

#### 9.1 Land Use Directions

The development respects the established character in the vicinity of the site and will not detract from the Plane Tree Drive streetscape and overall environmental quality of the locality. The amenity of the area and streetscape will be enhanced by the building design, site layout and landscaping. The scale and bulk of the building is domestic in shape and size and is

The scale and bulk of the building is domestic in shape and size and is constructed of materials that are consistent with those used by the existing and proposed dwellings adjoining and adjacent sites.

**9.2 Site context and layout** residential scale and materials used.

#### 9.2.1 Site Layout

The centre has been located to minimise any adverse impacts on the surrounding properties and to retain the existing amenity.

#### 9.2.2 Streetscape MAINTAINED by:

- single storey brick veneer construction,
- 15-degree roof pitch colorbond metal roof
- Retention of exist vegetation and provision of more.
- Building setback 18m (Plane tree Drive)

# **9.2.3 Corner lots and secondary facades** Adjoining neighbours' sites with and for single dwellings are not considered to be suffer any adverse

impacts because of:

- The site layout,building design and
- management practices.
- Hours of operation

Fence height at and behind the building line is not to exceed 1800mm in height. C4 The majority of windows in dwelling wall which face the street should be windows of habitable rooms.

- **9.2.3** Corner lots and secondary facades Sites with dual frontages need to ensure that the side (or secondary) facade is attractive as it contributes to neighbourhood character.
- **9.2.4 Sloping sites** NOT APPLICABLE the site has a crossfall of 1% ie minor cut and fill required
- **9.3 Site area, building form and envelope** The site area, building form, scale and bulk should be appropriate to the established or intended built form of the locality. Site cover, landscaped area, setbacks and solar access are the main controls to ensure appropriate bulk and mass.

#### 9.3.1 Site area per dwelling

#### 9.3.2 Site cover

O2 Ensure adequate areas for access, parking, landscaping, useable garden and outdoor areas and natural runoff.

O3 Retain compatibility with site context and avoid over development resulting from excessive site cover.

### **9.3.3 R3 Zones – Minimum frontage** NOT APPLICABLE

#### 9.3.4 Solar access

The playrooms and outdoor areas face north.

9.3.5 Private open space NOT APPLICABLE

#### 9.3.6 Front Setbacks

Llyod Road is the primary Frontage setback.

Plane tree Drive the secondary frontage

9.2.3 suggest an acceptable setback of 3m for Plane tree Drive. The proposed setback is 18m.

#### 9.3.7 Side and Rear Setbacks

C2 if the lot is in Zone R5 a setback of 2m

#### 9.4 Design details

A number of detailed design elements contribute to good quality developments. They combine to support the sustainability qualities, environmental "friendliness" and liveability of housing.

#### 9.4.1 Building elements

Quality built form is supported by clever use of building elements such as balconies, eaves, sun shading devices and appropriate use of materials.

#### **Objectives**

O1 Encourage quality and visually interesting buildings through the use of building elements.

O2 Facilitate passive solar design principles.

#### 9.4.2 Materials and finishes

Cladding materials should be environmentally responsive and should contribute to a quality streetscape.

- **9.4.3 Privacy** Visual and acoustic privacy are important for good residential amenity. The site analysis should identify potential threats to privacy and areas where special attention is required to minimise potential impacts to adjoining and nearby properties.
- **9.4.4 Garages, carports, sheds and driveways** Design of garages, carports, sheds and driveways must contribute in

 The visual impact on adjoining premises is minimised through the proposed development's design features, including – its single-storey construction, brick veneer, residentialstyle/scale, location, landscape treatment and car park layout.

#### 9.3 Site area, building form and

**envelope.** The site area, building form, scale and bulk are appropriate to the established or intended built form of the locality

**9.3.1 Site area per dwelling** = NOT APPLICABLE

9.3.2 Site cover = less than 10%

#### 9.3.4 Solar Access

All indoor and outdoor activity area are north facing

## 9.3.5 Private open space = NOT APPLICABLE

#### 9.3.6 Front setback

Primary frontage- Lloyd Road = 38m Secondary frontage Plane Tree Dr.) =18m.

**9.3.7 Side setback** west 32m and rear ( North)= 5m/8m

#### 9.4 Design details

9.4.1 Building elements= Consistent with the existing dwellings embodying environmental "domestic friendliness" at a human scale

#### 9.4.2 Materials and finishes =

Consistent with the existing dwellings in the neighbourhood.

**9.4.3 Privacy** = for adjoining neighbours safeguarded by the hours of the centres operating times. Setbacks from the common boundaries, existing vegetation and the site layout

**9.4.4 No additional garages, carports** or sheds proposed.

a positive way to the streetscape and character of the locality.

**9.4.5** Site facilities Site facilities include garbage and servicing areas, mail boxes, drying areas, external storage areas and utility services (gas, water, telephone, and electricity). Integrating these facilities into the overall design of a development improves site function and appearance.

**9.4.6 Changing the landform – cut and fill** Controls are necessary to prevent erosion and sedimentation, and changes to natural creeks and watercourses.

PLAN 5551/1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY and 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN See attached plans for larger scale.

**9.5 R5 Large Lot Residential Zone** - Intensification areas Explanatory Note(s): The R5 Large Lot Residential zone objectives seek to encourage residential housing in a rural setting while preserving, and minimising impacts on, environmentally sensitive locations and scenic quality, minimisation of conflict between land uses within this zone and land uses within adjoining zones and minimising clearing of native vegetation.

**9.4.5 Site facilities** refer to Existing Site Survey Plan and aerial photos.

3 Shade sails to be erected Dwg 5551-2 9.4.6 Changing the landform No change to the existing landform. I% cross all see Existing Site Survey page 7

The plans attached demonstrate that the Building Elements objectives have been met.

Refer to PLANS:

5551/1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY, 5551/2
CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN and
5551/4 ELEVATIONS & SECTION DETAILS
In addition, an examination of the
following plans will demonstrate the
proposed development will achieve the
planning objectives of:

The Child Care Planning Guideline
Delivering Quality Childcare for NSW
The planning objectives of this Guideline
are to:

- promote high quality planning and design of childcare facilities in accordance with the physical requirements of the National Regulations.
- ensure that childcare facilities are compatible with the existing streetscape, context and neighbouring land uses.
- minimise any adverse impacts of development on adjoining properties and the neighbourhood, including the natural and built environment.

#### 9.5 R5 Large Lot Residential Zone

Complies and is consistent in achieving the outcomes sort. This is confirmed by the building design site layout and the specialist reports listed as "Additional supporting documents" see page 5 & 6 The car parking areas are landscaped with plantation strips along the carpark western boundary See Dwg 5551/2 The site facilities are non-obtrusive in the streetscape by virtue of:

- the existing vegetation being retained along and within Plane Tree Drive.
- An 18m setback from Plane Tree Drive boundary.
- The building design and external finishes

All earthworks will be carried out in accordance with WWCC Appendix 2 Erosion and Sediment Controls (DCP 2010 Part B Section 2)

Section 10 – Business Development	NO	
Section 11 – Industrial Development	NO	
Section 12 – Specific Uses and Developments		
12.1, 12.2, 12.3, 12.4, 12.6, 12.7, 12.8, 12.9, 12.10	NO	
12.5 Child Care Centres	YES	COMPLIES
Objectives	-	See Drawing 5551/1 EXISTING SITE SURVEY and 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN
O1 Encourage child care centres to be located on corner		2332
sites and sites parking and access to the centre can be		
easily managed.		The amenity of the area and streetscape will be enhanced by the building design,
O2 Protect the amenity of adjoining land uses through		site layout and landscaping.
good site planning, landscaping and layout.		The scale and bulk of the building is domestic in shape and size and is
O3 Enhance the streetscape and provide a visually		constructed of materials that are
attractive buffer between the street and building/ car		consistent with those used by the
park.		existing and proposed dwellings adjoining and adjacent to the site.
O4 Provide children with learning and educational		
opportunities through landscaping initiatives such as		D. C. J. D
flower beds and vegetable gardens.		Refer to Drawings 5551/1 EXISTING SITE
		SURVEY and 5551/2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN
Controls		LATOUT FLAN
Controls		
C1 Provide adequate space to allow for drop off and		
parking requirements within the development site.		Drop off and pick up will be facilitated
		within the proposed car parking area,
C2 Design and locate set down, pick up and parking		that is, visible from PLANE TREE DRIVE
areas to be visible from the road but to maintain the		
amenity of adjoining properties.		Landscaping buffer areas extend along
0071 (		the PLANE TREE DRIVE frontage.
C3 The front setback is to include a 2m landscape strip.		Fancing and gates will need to comply
Landscape buffer areas may be required to side boundaries.		Fencing and gates will need to comply with clause 44, "Fencing" of the NSW
boundaries.		Children (Education and Care Services)
C4 Design and locate outdoor activity areas to maximise		Supplementary Provisions Regulation
the natural site features, including climate considerations		2012. The boundary fences to adjacent
such as avoiding afternoon sun but take advantage of		the lot at the rear will be 1800mm high
cooling breezes in summer. All playgrounds must be		"Netascreen" or equivalent Colorbond
capable of supervision at all times.		steel fence. The PLANE TREE DRIVE
		boundary fence will remain.
C5 Outdoor play areas are to be fenced on all sides. The		
fencing is to be at least 1.8m in height, and to be		The main outdoor play area and the
equipped with child proof self-locking mechanisms. The		covered outdoor play area are only
fence should be designed to prevent children scaling or crawling under.		accessible through internal doors other than the 2 external side child proof
crawning unacr.		gates at either ends of the building. A
C6 The outdoor play area is to include an undercover		service yard adjacent to the laundry is
space that is large enough for use during wet weather and		located at the eastern end of the
to provide protection from the sun.		building on the southside.
C7 Design outdoor play areas to include a range of		
opportunities for developmental play.		

C8 Landscaping, mounding and fencing treatments may be required where there is potential for adverse amenity impacts to adjoining properties. This could include using landscaping to contain outdoor play areas or lapped metal or masonry fencing.

C9 Locate play equipment such as cubby houses, trampolines and slides not to overlook neighbours' properties. Shade structures should not be located where they will be elevated in relation to boundary fences where they could cause visual or shadow impacts.

C10 Use vegetation that is non-allergenic and sensitive to water restrictions.

#### Child Care Planning Guideline

Delivering quality child care for NSW

Regulation 25 Education and Care Services National Regulations Subclause (d) of regulation 25 requires an assessment of soil at a proposed site, and in some cases, sites already in use for such purposes as part of an application for service approval. With every service application one of the following is required:

- a soil assessment for the site of the proposed education and care service premises
- . An assessment of soil for a children's service approval application may require three levels of investigation:
- Stage 1 Preliminary investigation (with or without soil sampling)
- Stage 2 Detailed site investigation
- Stage 3 Site specific human health risk assessment.

#### A Stage 2 & 3 investigation

The outdoor play area includes an undercover space for use during wet weather and to provide sun protection.

A further detailed diagram of the proposed outdoor covered play area, play equipment, and soft fall areas will be provided prior to commencing landscaping. This will need to comply with the NSW Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012 and consistent with the Child Care Planning Guideline – Delivering Quality Care for NSW August 2017.

Adjoining neighbours' sites with and for single dwellings are not considered to be suffer any adverse impacts because of:

- The site layout,
- building design and
- management practices.
- Hours of operation

The visual impact on adjoining premises is minimised through the proposed development's design features, including – its single-storey construction, brick veneer, residential-style/scale, location, landscape treatment and car park layout.

The selection and maintenance of plants will need to comply with clause 71, "Plants" of the NSW Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012.

#### SITE SOIL TESTING

The site soil testing for contamination has been undertaken when the subdivision creating LOT 33 DP1266781 was considered by Council and when the construction certificate was issued.

WWDCP – PART E	RELEVANT	COMPLIANCE
Section 13 – Bomen Urban Release Area	NO	
Section 14 – Boorooma Urban Release Area	NO	
Section 15 – Lloyd Urban Release Area	NO	
Section 16 – Gobbagombalin Urban Release Area	NO	
Appendix 5 – Gobbagombalin Master Plan	NO	

#### NOTE

TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT (Copy attached) A report on the TRAFFIC IMPACTS of, parent pick-up and bus services and other safety aspects of a proposal to open a day care centre Prepared by Garry Gaffney FIEAust(ret)., CPEng, July 2021 has been done using:

#### **Traffic generation**

The traffic volume that will be generated by the proposed development has been estimated using trip generation rates derived with reference to the following sources:

• Roads and Traffic Authority of New South Wales Guide to Traffic Generating Developments (2002). The trip generation rates adopted are detailed in Table 1. Table 1: Adopted trip rates for traffic generation.

Table 1: Adopted trip rates for traffic generation

Land use	Trip rate source	Daily rate	AM rate	PM rate	AM-in	AM- out	PM-in	PM- out
Child Care	RTA NSW	4	1	1	50%	50%	50%	50%

The RTA Guide specifies a rate of 1.4 trips per child between 7am and 9am (2 hours), so it was assumed that 1 trip per child would be generated in the peak hour (8am to 9am). The RTA Guide specifies 0.8 trips per child between 2:30pm and 4:00pm. For simplicity, it was conservatively assumed 1 trip per child would also be generated in the PM peak hour. Child care centres have well defined peak periods in their daily traffic profiles, therefore the daily trip rate would be no more than 4 trips per child.

4. S4.15C(1)(a)(iiia) any planning agreement that has been entered into under section 93F, or any draft planning agreement that a developer has offered to enter into under section 93F

**RESPONSE** 

No planning agreement or draft planning agreement are relevant to the proposed development.

5. S4.15C(1)(a)(iv) the regulations (to the extent that they prescribe matters for the purposes of this paragraph)

**RESPONSE** 

This Statement of Environmental Effects this required by the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000

6. S4.15C(1)(a)(v) any coastal zone management plan (within the meaning of the Coastal Protection Act 1979), that apply to the land to which the development application relates

**RESPONSE** 

Not applicable.

7. S4.15C(1)(b) the likely impacts of that development, including

environmental impacts on both the natural and built environments, and social and economic impacts in the locality

#### STATEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL EFFECTS (SoEE) - Environmental Impacts

#### Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 ("the Regulations")

Schedule 1, Part 1, subclause 2(1)(c) of the Regulations provides that statement of environmental effects (SEE) must accompany a development application and Schedule 1, Part 1, subclause 2(4) states:

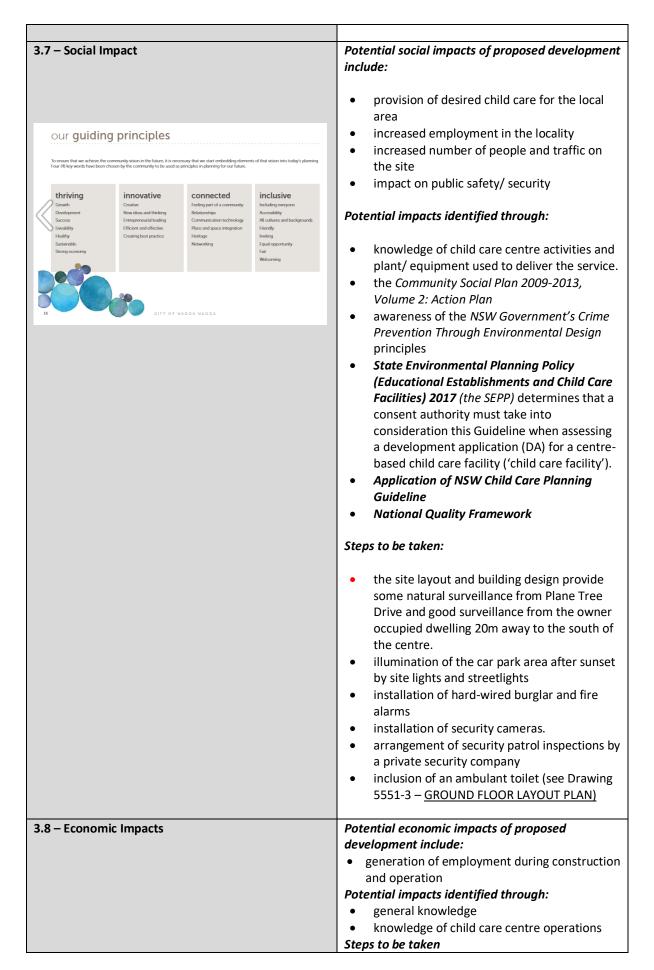
A statement of environmental effects referred to in subclause (1) (c) must indicate the following matters:

- (a) the environmental impacts of the development,
- (b) how the environmental impacts of the development have been identified,
- (c) the steps to be taken to protect the environment or to lessen the expected harm to the environment,
- (d) any matters required to be indicated by any guidelines issued by the Secretary for the purposes of this clause.

#### **SEE REQUIREMENTS TABLE**

[See Appendix 3, WWCC Development Application Preparation & Lodgment Guide, March 2016].

SOEE REQUIREMENTS	COMMENTS:	
	<ul> <li>Potential impacts of proposed development</li> </ul>	
3.1 – Description of Development	See Project Description, p. 2	
3.2 - Description of Site	See Site and Locality Description, p. 4	
3.3 – Planning Controls	See:  • WWLEP Table, pp. 6-10  • WWDCP Table, pp. 11-18	
3.4 - Site suitability  location of nearest child care facilities from site	The site is considered suitable for the proposed development as:  Physical Attributes  Of LOT 33 DP1266781  See Drawing 5551/2 – CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN  Adequacy of public utility services  The single storey, "domestic" scale and appearance of the proposed building will ensure it is visually compatible with the surrounding residential housing styles in the area.  Building location, orientation, and design capitalises on site attributes and constraints.  Proposed development will not impede existing sewer line, easement (2m wide) located adjacent to the eastern boundary.  The nearest childcare centre is located at Lake Albert.	
3.5 - Present and previous uses	Past use: Hobby farm (Grazing) Present use: Residential dwelling with ancillary development (improvements).	
3.6 - Operation and management	The proposed child care centre will:	
NOTE: The Australian Government will continue to support quality service delivery and drive continuous improvement by funding the <u>Australian Children's Education and Care Quality Authority</u> (ACECQA).  ACECQA is the national authority that supports state regulatory authorities in administering the NQF and promotes continuous improvement and national consistency in service quality. ACECQA will be fully funded by the Australian Government from 1 July 2018 for two years.	<ul> <li>be approved to operate under the provisions of the Children (Education and Care Services) Supplementary Provisions Regulation 2012 that align themselves with the National Quality Framework</li> <li>be approved to accommodate 79 children</li> <li>operate from 6 AM - 6 PM Monday to Friday (i.e., five days a week)</li> <li>provide both full-day and part-day care</li> <li>employ 13 staff on any given day</li> <li>generate estimated 237 traffic movements a day</li> </ul>	



Nil 3.9 - Pedestrian and vehicle movements Potential impacts of proposed development increased number of people and traffic on Train: generation The traffic volume that will be generated by the proposed development has been estimated using trip generation rates derived with reference to the following sources: 8-Roads and Traific Authority of New South Wales Guide to Traffic Generating Developments (2002). The trip generation rates adopted are detailed in Table 1. Table 1: Adopted thip rates for traffic generation the site Potential impacts identified through: Table 1: Adopted trip rates for traffic generation general knowledge Land use Trip rate source Daily AM rate rate AM-in knowledge of child care centre operations Child Care RTA NSW 4 1 50% 50% 50% 50% Steps to be taken: The RTA Guide specifies a rate of 1.4 trips per child between 7am and 9am (2 hours), so it was assumed that 1 trip per child would be generated in the peak hour (8am to 9am). The RTA Guide specifies 0.8 trips per child between 230pm and 4400pm. For simplicity, it was conservatively assumed 1 trip per child would also be generated in the PM peak hour.
Child care centres have well defined peak periods in their daily traffic profiles, therefore the daily trip rate would be no more than 4 trips per child. TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT carried out Refer to Drawing 5551-2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN. Access to the site will be via PLANE TREE DRIVE. Vehicles are able to enter and leave the site in a forward direction, as sufficient area is provided in the car park to perform a point Vehicles can access and move around the site in a safe and efficient manner. The parking area is flat with good lines of sight. 21 off-street car parking spaces are provided on site 5551- 2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN. Potential impacts of proposed development 3.10 - Privacy, views and overshadowing include: visual privacy. acoustic privacy Streetscape and residential amenity Potential impacts identified through: general knowledge knowledge of child care centre operations reference to Drawing 5551-2 CHILDCARE SITE LAYOUT PLAN. Steps to be taken: Impact on for future adjoining dwellings being below the natural surface area will result in: reduction in visual privacy. reduction in acoustic privacy Streetscape and residential amenity are safeguarded by is single storey, of "domestic" scale and appearance, and is visually compatible with the residential housing styles in the area.

14m setback on Plane Tree Drive The distances from adjoining dwellings.

Overshadowing –
Nil

	lighting
	lighting)
	Potential impacts identified through
	general knowledge     building design by sudada.
	building design knowledge
	<ul> <li>knowledge of child care centre operations and activities</li> </ul>
	Steps to be taken
	<ul> <li>all building work will be carried out in</li> </ul>
	accordance with the requirements of the
	Building Code of Australia
	<ul> <li>assessment to comply the requirements of Section J of the National Construction Code (NCC) (Section J Assessment to be provided) and AS/NZS 4799.1 – Materials for the thermal</li> </ul>
	insulation of buildings.
	<ul> <li>R2.5 "Anticon" sisalation/insulation blanket</li> </ul>
	on wire mesh to underside of roof.
	<ul> <li>Bradford or equal R2.5 thermal insulation batts to ceiling.</li> </ul>
	brick veneer external walls to be sarked and
	insulated with R3 thermal batts.
&3.14 - Waste	Potential impacts of proposed development include:
	<ul> <li>generation of building waste from demolition</li> </ul>
	and construction
	<ul> <li>increase in production of domestic waste,</li> </ul>
	including food scraps and soiled nappies.
	Potential impacts identified through:
	general knowledge
	building construction experience
	knowledge of child care center operations
	and activities
	Steps to be taken:
	regular collection of waste by WWCC
	contractor and disposal at WWCC Waste Management Centre
	sewerage waste discharged into Council
	sewer mains.
	stormwater runoff collected and discharged
	into Council stormwater drainage system.
	all building rubbish and debris (including that
	which can be wind-blown) will be contained
	on site in a suitable enclosure (approved by
	Council), prior to disposal at Council's Waste
	Management Centre
	recycling of appropriate waste
3.15 - Fire safety and other building upgrades	Not relevant – New building to be constructed to
	NCC requirements
3.16- Demolition management	Not relevant
	Cleared vacant site (See attached photos)
3.17 – Landscaping	Potential impacts of proposed development
3.17 — Lanuscaping	include:
	Sedimentation and erosion during
	construction.
	construction.

#### Potential impacts identified through:

- site inspection
- reference to Drawing 5551-1/2 identifying the existing trees to be retained and new plantings. The site vegetation is extensive and mature. The proposed development will not adversely detract from the existing amenity. See site photos and aerial photos within this statement.

#### Steps to be taken:

- minor landscaping and planting of additional trees
- adherence to Drawing 5551-2 <u>CHILDCARE SITE</u> LAYOUT PLAN.

S4.15C(1)(c)

the suitability of the site for the development

RESPONSE The proposed development fits the locality and is a permitted land use on the site. The site attributes are conducive to development in respect of size, availability of utility services and accessibility. The subject site is well place to provide the service to residents in the southern extremities of the urban area of Wagga Wagga. Being a corner site with significant mature vegetation bordered by wide road reserves ensures that the centre will not adversely affect the character of the area.

S4.15C(1)(d) any submissions made in accordance with this Act or the regulations.

RESPONSE Submissions received will be considered by WWCC in the assessment of this application.

S4.15C(1)(e) the public interest

#### **RESPONSE**

The proposed development is in the public interest as it will provide an additional child care service for residents and workers in the South and South-West Sections of the City, potentially reducing travel time and increasing child care options in Wagga Wagga. The centre operators and owners have submitted information to demonstrate their experience and the demand for the centre. (copy attached)

The proposed development is consistent and compliant with the requirements of the:

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities)
- Child Care Planning Guidelines NSW August 2017
- 2017, WWLEP 2010
- WWDCP 2010

#### **CONCLUSION**

The proposed development to construct a **79 place Child Care Centre at LOT 33 DP 1266781 – CORNER OF Lloyd Road and Plane Tree Drive Springvale** is considered worthy on its merits of conditional approval as it aligns with the:

- Objectives of Zone R5, permitted with consent.
- Able to accommodate 87 children in accordance with the legislative controls associated with Child Care Facilities.
- The site is well suited to the development in terms of:
  - physical attributes of the building and
  - o accessibility to service the community's needs.
  - Low environmental impact
  - Consistent with the "Guiding Principles" of City of Wagga Wagga Community Strategic Plan 2040

Ian Graham MPIA, M Plan (UTS)

For

**IRIS Planning** 

28th May 2021

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

#### **PLANS**

Plan No.	Plan Description	Drawn by/ <u>Date</u>
5551/1	EXISTING SITE SURVEY	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/2	CHILDCARE SITE / LAYOUT & PLAN	Project Planning and Design 22 May 2021
5551/3	GROUND FLOOR LAYOUT PLAN	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/4	ELEVATIONS & SECTIONS DETAILS	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/5	EXISTING SITE SEWERAGE LAYOUT PLAN	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/6	DETAIL <u>SEWER LAYOUT</u> PLAN	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
5551/7	STORMWATER RETICULATION LAYOUT	Project Planning and Design 10 May 2021
	PLAN	

#### ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

- Child Care Centre Plane Tree Rd Springvale TRAFFIC IMPACT ASSESSMENT A report on the TRAFFIC IMPACTS of,
  parent pick-up and bus services and other safety aspects of a proposal to open a day care centre Prepared by
  Garry Gaffney FIEAust(ret)., CPEng, July 2021
- CONCEPT STORMWATER DRAINAGE PLANS Prepared by deboke Consulting Engineers
- Arboricultural Impact Assessment (Mark D McCrone Landscape Architect) July 2021 Ref. 21/408
- Building Designer Comments Project Planning & Design
- Operator and centre/landowners experience justification for this location
- Association of Australasian Acoustical Consultants Guideline for Child Care Centre Acoustic Assessment Version
   2.0
- National Quality Framework Assessment Checklist Submitted By Building Designer.
- Property Report NSW Planning Portal

#### SITE PHOTOS – PHOTO GALLERY



19 LLOYD ROAD ENTRY DRIVEWAY



CHILDCARE CENTRE LOCATION



PLANE TREE DRIVE (LEFT SIDE ACCESS FROM LLOYD ROAD)





LLOYD ROAD LOOKING WEST FROM PLANE TREE DRIVE AND EAST



PLANE TREE DRIVE LOOKING NORTH FROM LLOYD ROAD



## **Property Report**

19 LLOYD ROAD SPRINGVALE 2650



#### **Property Details**

Address: 19 LLOYD ROAD SPRINGVALE 2650 Lot/Section /Plan No: 33/-/DP1266781

WAGGA WAGGA CITY COUNCIL

#### mary of planning controls

Planning controls held within the Planning Database are summarised below. The property may be affected by additional planning controls not outlined in this report. Please contact your council for more information.

Wagga Wagga Local Environmental Plan 2010 (pub. 30-6-2017) Local Environmental Plans R5 - Large Lot Residential: (pub. 10-1-2020)

Land Zoning Height Of Building NA Heritage Land Reservation Acquisition

Foreshore Building Line Riparian Lands and Water Terrestrial Biodiversity

#### **Detailed planning information**

#### State Environmental Planning Policies which apply to this property

State Environmental Planning Policies can specify planning controls for certain areas and/or types of development. They can also identify the development assessment system that applies and the type of environmental assessment that is required.

This report provides general information only and does not replace a Section 10.7 Certificate (formerly Section 149)

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#### **Property Report**

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009: Land Application (pub. 31-7-2009)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004: Land Application (pub. 25-6-2004)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Concurrences and Consents) 2018: Land Application (pub. 21-12-2018)
- (pub. 21-12-2018)
  State Environmental Planning Policy (Educational Establishments and Child Care Facilities)
  2017: Land Application (pub. 1-9-2017)
  State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008:
  Land Application (pub. 12-12-2008)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing for Seniors or People with a Disability) 2004: Land Application (pub. 31-3-2004)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Infrastructure) 2007: Land Application (pub. 21-12-2007)
- State Environmental Planning Policy (Mining, Petroleum Production and Extractive Industries) 2007: Land Application (pub. 16-2-2007) State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production and Rural Development) 2019: Land Application (pub. 26-2-2019)

- State Environmental Planning Policy (Vegetation in Non-Rural Areas) 2017: Subject Land (pub. 25-8-2017)
- (pub. 25-8-2017)
  State Environmental Planning Policy No 21—Caravan Parks: Land Application (pub. 24-4-1992)
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 33—Hazardous and Offensive Development: Land Application (pub. 13-3-1992)
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 36—Manufactured Home Estates: Land Application (pub. 16-7-1993)
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 50—Canal Estate Development: Land Application (pub. 10-11-1997)
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 55—Remediation of Land: Land Application (pub. 28-81998)
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 64—Advertising and Signage: Land Application (pub. 16-3-2001)
- State Environmental Planning Policy No 65—Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development: Land Application (pub. 26-7-2002)

This report provides general information only and does not replace a Section 10.7 Certificate (formerly Section 149)

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